OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY

PAPER – I

Time : 3 hours Max. Marks : 100

OBG/D/10/25/I

Attempt all questions in order. Each question carries 10 marks

- 1. Describe the anatomy of anterior abdominal wall.
- 2. What is FIGO 2009 classification of cervical cancer? Outline management of LSIL.
- 3. What are the factors considered during pre-conceptional care?
- 4. Describe the WHO syndromic management of STDs. Enumerate its merits and demerits.
- 5. Describe causes of abnormal discharge from the nipple.
- 6. Enumerate the causes of dystocia and outline their management.
- 7. What is the role of empathy in the management of Obst. & Gynae cases?
- 8. Define precocious puberty. Enumerate its causes.
- 9. Enumerate anatomical and physiological changes during puerperium. Give their clinical significance.
- 10. Give basis of development of pre-eclampsia. Outline management of a 34 weeks pregnant woman with 150/100mmHg blood pressure and albuminuria (+).

FINAL EXAM DECEMBER 2010

OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY

PAPER – II

Time : 3 hours Max. Marks : 100 OBG/D/10/25/II

Attempt all questions in order. Each question carries 10 marks

- 1. What is the role of tocolysis? Enumerate various tocolytic agents with their doses.
- Enumerate criteria for conservative management of ectopic pregnancy. Give various methods used.
- 3. What are the different types of abnormal placental attachments? How will you diagnose them?
- 4. What are the effects of gestational diabetes mellitus on the foetus? How will you manage a newborn of a gestational diabetic mother?
- 5. What are the etiopathogenesis of IUGR? How will you diagnose it?
- 6. What comprises high dependency unit (HDU)? What are the indications of admitting patients in HDU?
- 7. What are the laboratories recognized under PPNDT Act? Enumerate the penalties.
- 8. Enumerate causes of hyperemesis gravidarum. Give investigations.
- 9. Give the components of active management of third stage of labour. Enumerate the advantages.
- 10. Give components of a partogram. What are the advantages?

FINAL EXAM DECEMBER 2010

OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY

PAPER – III

Time : 3 hours Max. Marks : 100 OBG/D/10/25/III

Attempt all questions in order. Each question carries 10 marks.

Write short notes on:

- 1. Describe histopathology of germ cell tumours. Outline treatment options.
- 2. What are the two main histopathological types of endometrial carcinoma and enumerate the differences?
- How will you select a patient for non-descend vaginal hysterectomy?
 Outline the complications.
- 4. What are natural contraceptives? What are their advantages and disadvantages?
- 5. How will you grade a hydatidiform mole for prognosis? Give follow up.
- 6. Enumerate the treatment option for osteoporosis.
- How will you evaluate ovulation? Mention drugs used for induction of ovulation.
- 8. What are the risk factors for post operative wound infection? How can you prevent it?
- 9. Name the suture materials used in gynaecological surgeries. Give criteria for choosing.
- 10. What investigations you will like to do in a 36 years old woman with vaginal discharge?

FINAL EXAM DECEMBER 2010

OBSTETRICS & GYNAECOLOGY

PAPER – IV

Time : 3 hours Max. Marks : 100

OBG/D/10/25/IV

Attempt all questions in order. Each question carries 10 marks.

Write short notes on:

- 1. What is the effect of epilepsy on pregnancy and the foetus?
- 2. Describe WHO criteria (recent) about eligibility of IUCD. How it is categorized?
- 3. How pheochromocytoma presents during pregnancy? Give points of differentiation from pre eclampsia. Outline management.
- 4. Give examples of interventional ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynaecology.
- 5. What are the common anesthesia complications encountered in Obstetrics?
- 6. What are the radiotherapy modalities used in Gynecology? Enumerate them.
- 7. Enumerate the causes of acute abdominal pain in Obstetrics.
- 8. Enumerate causes of acute renal failure in Obstetrics.
- 9. Describe causes of chronic pelvic pain.
- 10. Describe relation of carcinomas and contraception.